



Interprosthetic and Mono RescueSleeve® Custom-Made Prostheses





Presented by:

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Interprosthetic and Mono RescueSleeve® Custom-Made Prostheses

04 Description

Features of the Interprosthetic Twin Sleeves

05 Basic Examples

Twin RescueSleeve® with Modular Bridge Coupling for interprosthetic fractures One-sided RescueSleeve® as Custom (A) or MEGASYSTEM-C® (B) Coupling One-sided RescueSleeve® with Stem or Hinge

- 06 Surgical Technique
- 08 Case Examples Lower Extremities
- 22 Case Examples Upper Extremities
- 24 Additional Instruments
- 25 Literature





The increasing use of stem prostheses in arthroplasty means that stems of hip and/or knee implants quite often have to be coupled in the femur.

According to Soenen¹, there is a dramatic increase in the risk of interprosthetic fracture, when the two stem tips are less than 100 mm apart. This scenario was tested in a four point bending test.

Weiser et al² conducted similar tests and concluded that the distance between the stem tips has scarcely any influence on the risk of fracture, whereas the bone quality of the cortex is the decisive factor.

No matter what the main factor is, good permanent stabilization of such interprosthetic fractures can be achieved with LINK[®] RescueSleeve[®].

Sleeve couplings by their nature do not require narrow tolerances and they have proved very successful for stem/stem coupling³. This applies both to stems of LINK implants and to combinations of LINK and other makes of prosthesis (stem dia. must be available).

Essentially, these sleeves can be either single-sided or double-sided (twin sleeve). In the case of the singlesided sleeve, the component that is in contact with the sleeve can comprise an intramedullary stem or a joint component that anchors the prosthesis, which following coupling is held by the sleeve in the medullary canal, or connects it with it opposite side modularly to another joint prosthesis. The double-sided sleeve connects two opposite prostheses stems usually following an interprosthetic fracture, often after a failed osteosynthesis.

The RescueSleeve[®] can be designed so that an anatomical angle (varus/valgus) is provided in the coupling of the connecting components.

Features of the Interprosthetic Twin RescueSleeve®

- Sleeves to take the proximal and distal stem
- Strength proven ^{6,7} modular bridge
- Stem fixation screws
- Modular bridge "Pocket Coupling" and security screws

The sleeves are manufactured, for example, in the following sizes:

50 mm depths	8 fixation screws
60 mm depths	12 fixation screws
80 mm depths	16 fixation screws

These sleeve connections always entail a certain bone loss of 130 - 170 mm, but the coupling is so strong that the held prosthesis stem usually would bend or fracture before the connection fails.

The pocket-coupling between the sleeves has a length of 50 mm and is usually applicable.

In few cases of short interprosthetic space the CS

(Cardan-Short) coupling has to be eployed as that has only 30 mm of length.

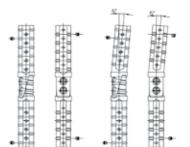
Most importantly, the joint regions in the knee or hip of the prosthesis in situ are not impaired by the intervention. Tests on the stability of the sleeve coupling were performed by Professor Morlock at Hamburg University of Technology (TUHH).^{4,6}

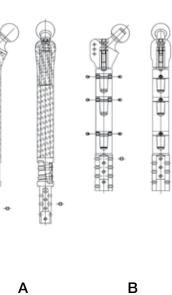
To create the sleeve/stem coupling, the sleeve is first filled with bone cement before the male in situ component (stem) is pushed into the sleeve while the cement is still soft. Primary fixation of the male component is then achieved with the circumferentially arranged fixation screws. Once the bone cement has hardened, the result is a stable, loadable connection between the in situ prosthesis stem and the attached sleeve (see surgical technique).

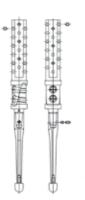
In case of the twin RescueSleeve[®], the opposing fracture segment is attached to the adjacent sleeve in the same way before both sleeve components are interconnected via the ,Pocket Coupling' and secured with two assembly screws.

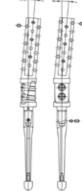


Twin RescueSleeve® with modular bridge coupling for interprosthetic fractures Mono RescueSleeve® as custom (A) or MEGASYSTEM-C® (B) coupling Mono RescueSleeve® with stem or hinge-connection



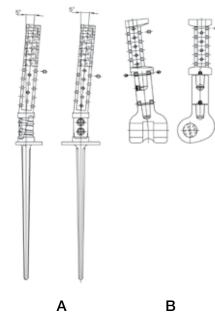


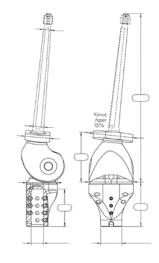




Mono RescueSleeve[®] with stem or hinge-connection

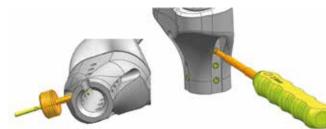
Mono RescueSleeve® attached to Endo-Model® Knee prosthesis with mounting screws to secure a circular stem





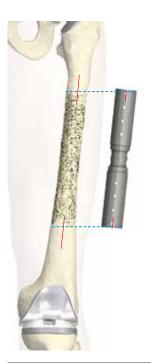
We suggest our drill sleeve (15-8006/03) and our screwdriver (10-5373/02).

for drilling the tibia component in situ
to achieve sufficient fixation of the screws



Surgical Technique





Following site approach the resection length is determined and resection markings are applied to the bone using the coupled sleeve for templating.



Then the proximal and distal stem portion of the prostheses in situ are freed of bone under observation of the resection marks.

Temporary protective cerclages or bone clamps must be used during this procedure.

(see pages 07 and 20)



Next step is a trial positioning. First the stem fixation screws are introduced into the respective bores but only as far to allow the stem to be introduced. It has to be observed that the screws of proximal and distal sleeve might be of different length, due to the variations of proximal and distal stem diameters.

Consequently the screws must not be mixed and only used for their destined sleeve. After provisional fixation of a stem at one side the opposite stem is as well provisionally fixed in the opposite sleeve under observation of the correct rotational position.





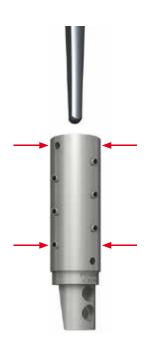
Thereafter the rotational position is marked with a sterile pen at the stem and correspondingly the edge of the opening of the second sleeve.



Leg length and rotation are controlled with both sleeves provisionally connected at their coupling ends.

Surgical Technique

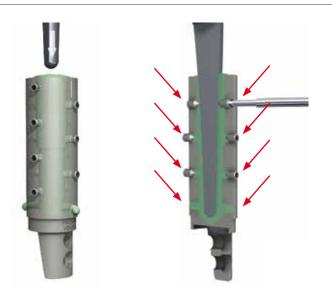




The stem fixation screws to be actively used are left in place (a minimum of at least one pair screws near to the coupling and one pair at the sleeve opening is necessary).



In each of the sleeves two screws holes next to the coupling should be left blank to allow the air to exhaust, when the cement is introduced, preferably performed with a cement gun having a nozzle.



Finally the stem of the first component is pushed the whole way into the cement-filled sleeve and the fix screws are alternately tightened while the cement is still soft. Consecutively hardening of the bone cement has to be waited for.



Then the second stem is introduced in the cement filled sleeve of the second component, under observation of the rotational marks and the screws are alternately tightened as well before cement hardens.

Following hardening of the cement both Rescue Sleeves are coupled in the pocket coupling and secured with the two assembly screws having their UHMWPE lock bolts in place in the screws threaded portion. Note: The fixation screws have a 2,5 mm hex head.

Titanium Cerclage Band with Lock

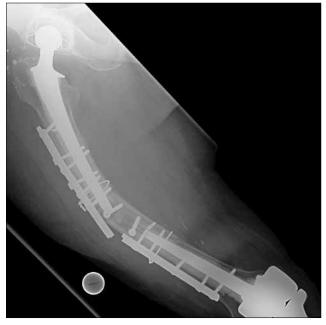


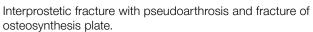


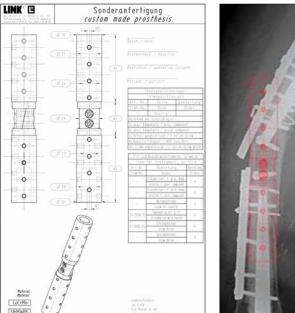




Interprosthetic fracture due to patient downfall - Twin RescueSleeve®.







Technical proposal





,Pocket Coupling' disassembled



,Pocket Coupling' assembled

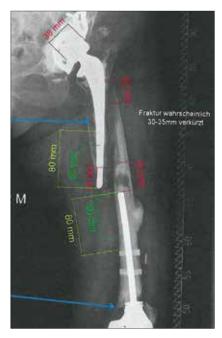


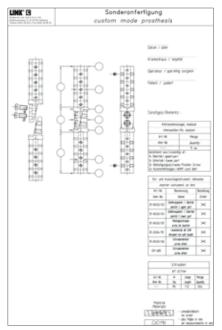
Post-OP X-ray

The implant



Interprosthetic fracture due to patient downfall - Twin RescueSleeve®.





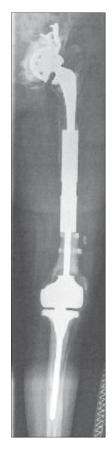
Interprosthetic fracture between hip and knee prostheses

Technical proposal





,Pocket Coupling' disassembled



Post-OP X-ray



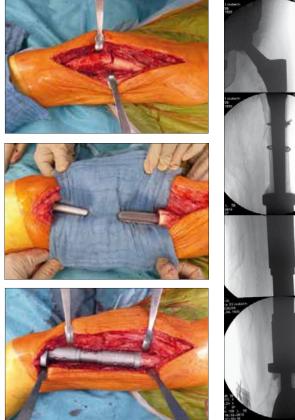
Interprosthetic fracture due to patient downfall - Twin RescueSleeve[®] and coupling to MEGASYSTEM-C[®] components.



Interprosthetic fracture

Secondary dislocation

Technical proposal



Intraoperative



Intraoperative X-ray

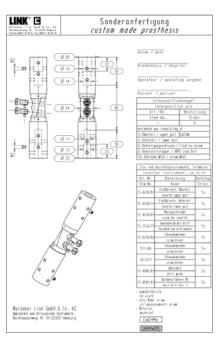
One week Post-OP



Interprosthetic fracture due to patient downfall - Twin RescueSleeve®.







Interprosthetic fracture

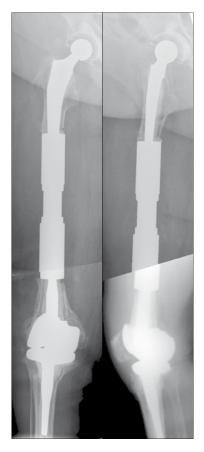
Pre-OP Planning

Technical proposal









Intraoperative

Intraoperative X-ray

The implant

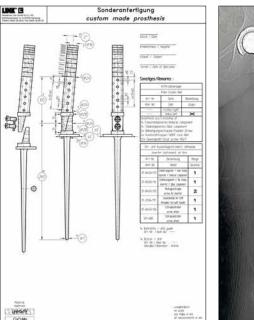
Post-OP X-rays



Exchange of a knee prosthesis into one-sided Arthrodesis Nail. RescueSleeve[®] with tibial stem and attachement to a Push-through Femur in situ.







Technical proposal



Pre-OP Planning

Knee Fusion Nail with coupling for a Revitan push-through stem







The implant

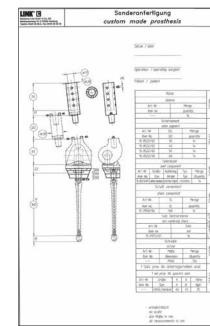
Post-OP X-rays



RescueSleeve[®] after recurrent periprosthetic fractures. One-sided RescueSleeve[®] to Wagner stem with modular connection to MEGASYSTEM-C[®] Rotational Knee with modular proximal tibia replacement.



Proximal: Wagner revision stem





Distal: Knee TKA Recurrent periprosthetic fractures



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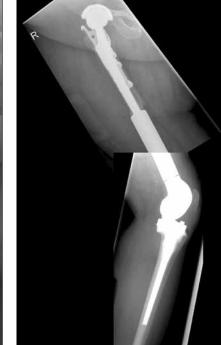
Distal: Knee TKA Recurrent periprosthetic fractures







Technical proposal



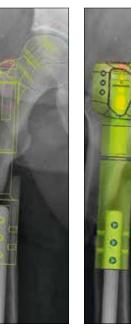
The implant

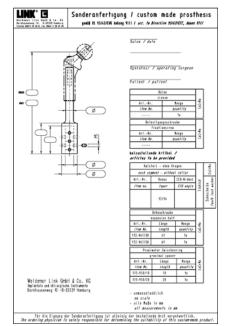
Post-OP X-rays



One-sided modular RescueSleeve[®] with hip-joint replacement. PowerLock MP[®]-coupling allows for 5° increments of antetorsion adjustment.







Pre-OP X-rays

Pre-OP Planning

Technical proposal



left: The sleeve with push-through stem and temporary closure screw ...

> right: ... attached to head-neck segment.





Post-OP X-ray

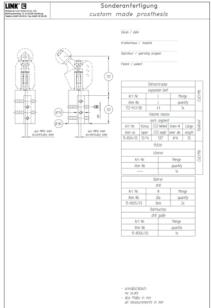
The implant

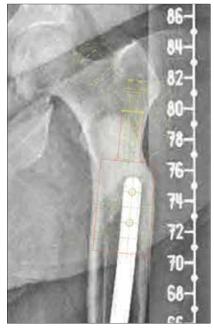


One-sided RescueSleeve® with proximal femur and hip replacement.









Pre-OP X-rays

and osteolysis.

System.

Connection to a femoral long

lateral stem migration. Distal plasmozytome with low activity

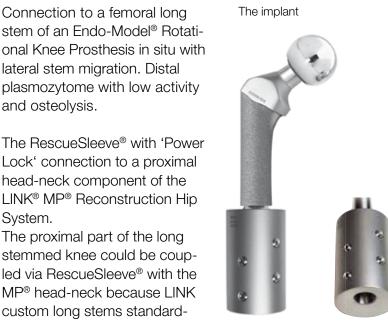
stem of an Endo-Model® Rotati-

The RescueSleeve[®] with 'Power Lock' connection to a proximal head-neck component of the LINK® MP® Reconstruction Hip

The proximal part of the long stemmed knee could be coupled via RescueSleeve® with the MP® head-neck because LINK custom long stems standardwise receive the 'Power Lock' connection for possible future component attachments.

Technical proposal

Pre-OP Planning

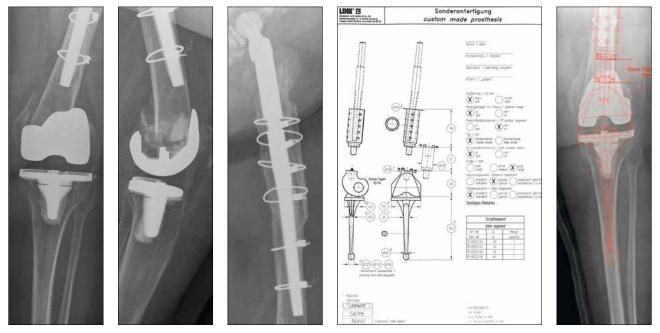




Post-OP X-rays



MEGASYSTEM-C[®] distal femur replacement having one-sided modular RescueSleeve[®] for attachment to a 250 mm long 18 mm dia. MP[®] stem. The MEGASYSTEM-C[®] Knee replaces a surface replacement knee with periprosthetic fracture.



Pre-OP X-rays

Technical proposal

Pre-OP Planning



Intraoperative





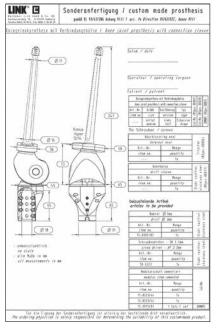
Post-OP X-rays

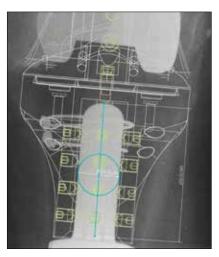


MEGASYSTEM-C[®] distal femur replacement having one-sided modular RescueSleeve[®]. Hinged version. Tibial monoblock prosthesis, including RescueSleeve[®] and fixation screws.



The implant





Pre-OP Planning

Pre-OP X-ray

Technical proposal

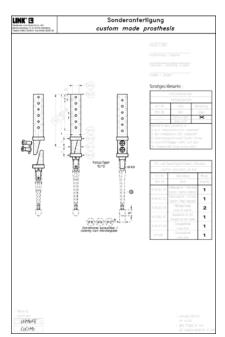


Post-OP X-rays



One-sided RescueSleeve[®] with modular stem, to attach to a solid cemented proximal segment of a fractured long stem hip prosthesis and anchorage in the distal femur.







Pre-OP X-ray

Technical proposal

Intraoperative





Post-OP X-ray

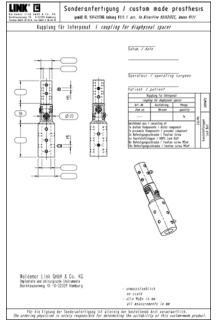


A Twin RescueSleeve[®] CS (Cardan Short) coupling was chosen for coupling because there is only little space between the hip and knee prostheses.



Pre-OP X-ray





Technical proposal



Pre-OP Planning







Intraoperative





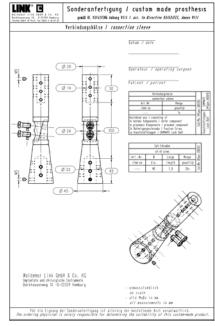
Post-OP X-ray

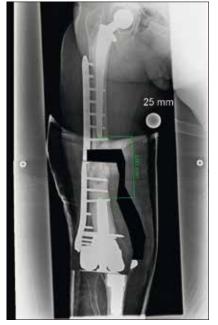


Twin RescueSleeve[®] for interprosthetic fracture between the cemented SP II[®] stem and a cemented knee prosthesis (competitor implant) in following fracture of the bone plate.









Pre-OP X-rays

Technical proposal

Pre-OP Planning

The implant



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Post-OP X-rays

Trumpet-Type distal sleeve for optimal seating



Twin RescueSleeve® in case of repeated fracture of the femur after treatment with bone plate after three months.



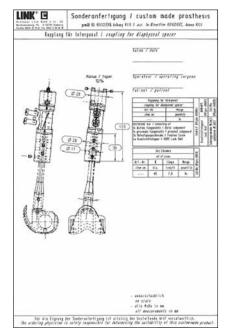




Post-OP



Second fracture after 3 months



Technical proposal



LINK proposal







Intraoperative



The implant





Post-OP X-ray

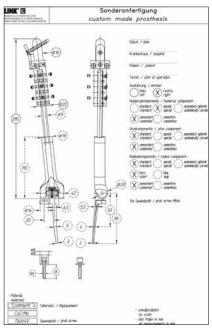


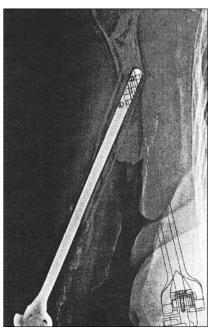
Proximal MEGA-C implant components



Proximal modular one-sided RescueSleeve[®] for attachment to long stem distal humerus replacement with elbow joint. To be anchored in short proximal humerus fragment, additionally secured with modular flange.







Pre-OP X-rays

Technical proposal

Pre-OP with proposal



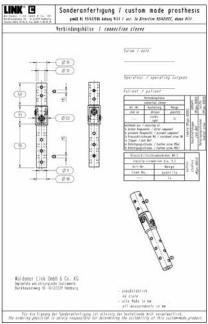
The implant

Post-OP X-ray



Humeral twin RescueSleeve® at the right side uniting a shoulder and an elbow prosthesis.



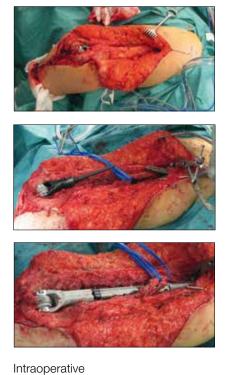




Pre-OP X-ray

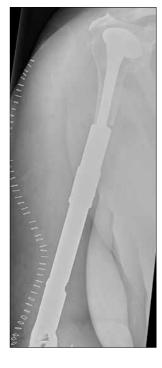
Technical proposal

Pre-OP with proposal



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The implant with CS (Cardan Short) coupling

Post-OP X-ray



Thabe Titanium Cerclage Band



63-4300/02 Titanium Cerclage Band with Lock



72-1077 Swivel-Jaw Bone Holding Clamp



10-5373/01 Hex screwdriver



16-3290/00 Cross slot screwdriver



15-8006/03 Drill sleeve



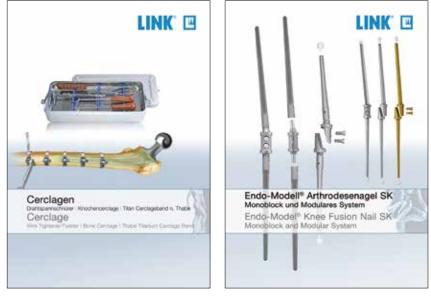
10-5373/02 Hex screwdriver



- 1 Soenen, Marc et al "Stemmed TKA in a Femur with a Total Hip Arthroplasty. Is there a safe distance between the stem tips?", Journ. of Arth., 28 (2013) 1437-1445
- 2 Weiser, L. et al "The role of interprosthetic fractures of the femur", JBJS Vol 96-B, No 10, Oct 2014, PP 1378-1384
- 3 Citak, Mustafa et al "Treatment of interprosthetic femoral fractures with an interposition prosthesis", Acta Orthpedica 2013, 84 (3): 326-327
- 4 Weiser, L. (UKE), Morlock M. (TUHH) et al "Biomechanische Untersuchung zum Einfluss des Abstandes zwischen zwei intramedullären Implantaten sowie der Knochendichte und Knochendicke bei interprothetischen Femurfrakturen", UKE und TUHH Hamburg, 2013
- 5 Patel, Nirav K. et al "Custom-made Cement-Linked Mega Prostheses: A Salvage Solution for Complex Periprosthetic Femoral Fractures", The Journ. of Arth. 29 (2014) 204-209
- 6 Duda, Georg et al "Dynamic Examination of an Arthrodesis Nail's Taper Connection", TU Hamburg/Harburg, Dept. of Biomechanics, Prof. Dr. E. Schneider, 02/94
- 7 Weiser, L. et al "Interposition sleeve as treatment option for interprosthetic fractures of the femur; a biomechanical in vitro assessment", Intern. Orthop (SICOT), DOI 10.1007/s00264-015-2788-5

Additional Information

Catalogs on request: E-mail customer@linkhh.de



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746_Endo-Model® Knee Fusion Nail SK

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